**CHANGE 1** 

## DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY TECHNICAL BULLETIN

## CALIBRATION PROCEDURE FOR SIGNAL GENERATOR SG-1207/U (HEWLETT-PACKARD, MODEL, 8642M)

Headquarters, Department of the Army, Washington, DC 1 August 2003

Approved for public release; distribution is unlimited.

TB 9-6625-2182-35, 29 October 2001, is changed as follows:

1. Remove old pages and insert new pages as indicated below. New or changed material is indicated by a vertical bar in the margin of the page.

Remove Pages	Insert Pages
1 and 2	1 and 2
5 and 6	5 and 6
9 and 10	9 and 10
17 and 18	17 and 18

2. File this change sheet in front of the publication for reference purposes.

By Order of the Secretary of the Army:

Official:

JOHN M. KEANE

General, United States Army Acting Chief of Staff

JOEL B. HUDSON
Administrative Assistant to the
Secretary of the Army

Joel B. Hula

0316101

Distribution:

To be distributed in accordance with IDN 342267 requirements for TB 9-6695-2182-35.

## DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY TECHNICAL BULLETIN

## CALIBRATION PROCEDURE FOR SIGNAL GENERATOR SG-1207/U (HEWLETT-PACKARD, MODEL 8642M)

Headquarters, Department of the Army, Washington, DC 29 October 2001

Approved for public release; distribution is unlimited.

### REPORTING OF ERRORS AND RECOMMENDING IMPROVEMENTS

You can improve this manual. If you find any mistakes or if you know of a way to improve these procedures, please let us know. Mail your letter or DA Form 2028 (Recommended Changes to Publications and Blank Forms) directly to: Commander, U.S. Army Aviation and Missile Command, ATTN: AMSAM-MMC-MA-NP, Redstone Arsenal, AL 35898-5000. A reply will be furnished to you. You may also provide DA Form 2028 information to AMCOM via email, fax, or the World Wide Web. Our fax number is DSN 788-6546 or Commercial 256-842-6546. Our e-mail address is: 2028@redstone.army.mil. Instructions for sending an electronic 2028 may be found at back of this the For the World Wide Web, manual. https://amcom2028.redstone.army.mil.

			Paragraph	Page
SECTION	I.	IDENTIFICATION AND DESCRIPTION	•	
		Test instrument identification	1	2
		Forms, records, and reports	2	2
		Calibration Description	3	2
	II.	EQUIPMENT REQUIREMENTS		
		Equipment required	4	4
		Accessories required	5	4
	III.	CALIBRATION PROCESS		
		Preliminary instructions	6	5
		Equipment setup	7	5
		Line Stability	8	6
		Frequency accuracy	9	7
		RF output	10	8
		Output level flatness	11	9
		Attenuation	12	10
		Spectral purity Pulse modulation	13	10
		Pulse modulation	14	12
		Amplitude modulation	15	14
		Frequency modulation	16	16
		Phase modulation	17	18
		Internal oscillator	18	19
		Power supply	19	20
		Final procedure	20	21

## **SECTION I IDENTIFICATION AND DESCRIPTION**

- 1. Test Instrument Identification. This bulletin provides instructions for the calibration of Signal Generator, SG-1207/U (Hewlett-Packard, Model 8642M). TM 11-6625-3165-14 was used as the prime data source in compiling these instructions. The equipment being calibrated will be referred to as the TI (test instrument) throughout this bulletin.
  - a. Model Variations. None.
- **b. Time and Technique**. The time required for this calibration is approximately 6 hours, using the dc and low frequency and microwave technique.
- 2. Forms, Records, and Reports. Forms, records, and reports required for calibration personnel at all levels are prescribed by TB 750-25.
- **3. Calibration Description**. TI parameters and performance specifications which pertain to this calibration are listed in table 1.

Table 1. Calibration Description

Table 1. Cambration Description			
Test instrument parameters	Performance specifications		
Frequency	Range: 100 kHz to 2000 MHz		
	Accuracy: ±10 PPM		
	Time stability: <u>+</u> 0.05 PPM/hour <sup>1</sup>		
	Line stability: ±0.05 PPM, 10% line change <sup>2</sup>		
RF output	Range: >15 to -140 dBm <sup>3</sup>		
_	Flatness: ±1.5 dB (100 kHz to 500 MHz)		
	<u>+</u> 2 dB (500 to 1000 MHz)		
	<u>+</u> 2.5 dB (1 to 2 GHz)		
	Attenuator accuracy: ±2.0 dB		
Spectral purity	<u>Harmonics range</u> <u>Accuracy</u>		
	100 kHz to 1057.5 MHz <+13 dBm, <-25 dBc		
	1057.5 to 2000 MHz <+7 dBm, <-25 dBc		
	Sub harmonic range Accuracy		
	100 kHz to 1057.5 MHz <-100 dBc		
	1057.5 to 2000 MHz <-45 dBc		
	Spurious signal range Accuracy		
	100 kHz to 132.1875 MHz <-70 dBc		
	132.1875 to 1057.5 MHz <-90 dBc		

See footnote at end of table.

Table 1. Calibration Description - Continued

	le 1. Calibration Description - Continued		
Test instrument parameters	Performance specifications		
Pulse modulation	Pulse range: 10 to 2000 MHz		
	Pulse rate: Dc to 50 kHz		
	Pulse envelope on/off ratio Accuracy		
	(10 to 2000 MHz) >40 dB		
	Pulse envelope rise/falltime <0.5 microsecond		
	(10% to 90%)		
Amplitude modulation	Frequency range: 100 kHz to 1057.5 MHz		
	Depth: 0 to 99.9% in .1% increments		
	Accuracy: <u>+</u> 5% of setting +1%		
	Distortion: <1.5%, 0 to 30% depth, 1 kHz rate		
	<3%, 30 to 70% depth, 1 kHz rate		
	<5%, 70 to 90% depth, 1 kHz rate		
	Incidental FM: <200 Hz (30% at 1 kHz)		
Frequency modulation	Frequency Response: Dc to 100 kHz external, 20 Hz		
	to 100 kHz internal in 1% increments		
	Deviation range: (Modulating rate between dc and 100 kHz		
	Accuracy: ≤300 kHz (30 to 132.1875 MHz)		
	≤375 kHz (132.1875 to 528.75 MHz)		
	≤1.5 MHz (528.75 MHz & above)		
	Incidental AM: <0.3% (>400 kHz carrier, 20 kHz peak deviation,		
	1 kHz rate)		
	Distortion: ≤4% for maximum dc coupled deviation		
	≤2% for 1/2 maximum dc coupled deviation		
	≤0.4% for 1/15 maximum dc coupled deviation		
	(for a modulating rate between 20 Hz and 100 kHz)		
	Indicator range: (Rates 20 Hz to 100 kHz)		
	Accuracy: ±(5% of setting +10 Hz)		
Phase modulation	Maximum deviation: 100 radians, 100 kHz to 132.1875 MHz		
	25 radians, 132.1875 to 264.375 MHz		
	50 radians, 264.375 to 528.75 MHz		
	100 radians, 528.75 to 1057.5 MHz		
	200 radians, 1057.5 to 2000 MHz		
	Accuracy: $\pm (5\% \text{ of setting } +0.09 \text{ radians}) \text{ 1 kHz rate}$		
	Distortion: <0.4% at 1 kHz rate		
Internal oscillator	Frequency Range: 20 Hz to 100 kHz		
	Accuracy: $\pm 2\%$ of setting		
	Distortion: <0.02%, 20 Hz to 15.8 kHz		
	(>0.5 V peak) <0.15%, 15.8 to 100 kHz		

 $<sup>^{1}</sup>$ Time stability not verified due to insufficient environmental control.

 $<sup>^{2}</sup>$ Line stability verified to 8.7% line change.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Range verified to –110 dBm.

## SECTION II EQUIPMENT REQUIREMENTS

- **4. Equipment Required.** Table 2 identifies the specific equipment to be used in this calibration procedure. This equipment is issued with Secondary Transfer Calibration Standards Set AN/GSM-287. Alternate items may be used by the calibrating activity. The items selected must be verified to perform satisfactorily prior to use and must bear evidence of current calibration. The equipment must meet or exceed the minimum use specifications listed in table 2. The accuracies listed in table 2 provided a four-to-one ratio between the standard and TI. Where the four-to-one ratio cannot be met, the actual accuracy of the equipment is shown in parenthesis.
- **5. Accessories Required.** The accessories required for the calibration are common usage accessories, issued as indicated in paragraph **4** above, and are not listed in this calibration procedure. The following peculiar accessories are also required for the calibration: Semiconductor Device (coaxial crystal detector), Hewlett-Packard, Model 423AOPT03.

Table 2. Minimum Specifications of Equipment Required

rable 2. William Specifications of Equipment Required				
		Manufacturer and model		
Common name	Minimum use specifications	(part number)		
AUDIO ANALYZER	Distortion capability: ≤.02%	Boonton, Model 1120-S/10		
	Range: 20 Hz to 100 kHz	(MIS-35954/2)		
AUTOTRANSFORMER	Range: 105 to 125 V ac	General Radio, Type W10MT3AS3		
	Accuracy: ±1%	(7910809) or Ridge, Model 9020A		
		(9020A) or Ridge, Model 9020F		
		(9020F)		
FREQUENCY COUNTER	Range: 20 Hz to 500 MHz	Hewlett-Packard, Model 5345A		
	Accuracy: <u>+</u> 2.5 ppm or .00025%	(MIS-28754/1 Type 1)		
MEASURING RECEIVER	Frequency measurement:	Hewlett-Packard, Model 8902A		
	Range: 1100 to 1900 MHz	w/sensors, Hewlett-Packard, Model		
	Accuracy: ±2.25 ppm	11722A (11722A) and 11792A		
	Power measurement: $(+15 \text{ dB to } -110 \text{ dB}) \pm .5 \text{ dB}$	(11792A), and microwave converter,		
	Flatness measurement:	model 11793A (11793A), and signal		
	(100 kHz to 450 MHz) <u>+</u> .375 dB	generator, Hewlett-Packard Model		
	(550 MHz to 950 MHz) <u>+</u> .5 dB	8643M (SG1219).		
	(1500 MHz to 2000 MHz) <u>+</u> .625 dB			
MULTIMETER	Range: 50 to -15 V dc	John Fluke, Model 8840A/AF-05/09		
	Accuracy: ±.25%	(AN/GSM-64D)		
OSCILLOSCOPE	Range: 50 Hz	(OS-291/G)		
	Accuracy: <125 ns risetime			

Table 2. Minimum Specifications of Equipment Required - Continued

		Manufacturer and model	
Common name	Minimum use specifications	(part number)	
PULSE GENERATOR	Amplitude: 5 V	LeCroy, Model 9210 (9210)	
	Period: 10 ms to 20 μs	w/plug-ins, Lecroy, Models 9211	
	Width: 5 ms to 6 μs	(9211) and 9215 (9215)	
SPECTRUM ANALYZER	Range: 450 kHz to 2 GHz (13 to -90 dB)	(AN/USM-489A)	
	Accuracy: ±1.0 dB/10 dB step, 1.0 dB maximum		

## **SECTION III CALIBRATION PROCESS**

## 6. Preliminary Instructions

- **a.** The instructions outlined in paragraphs **6** and **7** are preparatory to the calibration process. Personnel should become familiar with the entire bulletin before beginning the calibration.
- **b**. Items of equipment used in this procedure are referenced within the text by common name as listed in table 2.
- **c.** Unless otherwise specified, verify the result of each test and, whenever the test requirement is not met, take corrective action before continuing with the calibration. Adjustments required to calibrate the TI are included in this procedure. Additional maintenance information is contained in TM 11-6625-3165-14 for this TI.
- **d**. When indications specified in paragraphs **7** through **18** are not within tolerance, perform the power supply check prior to making adjustments. After adjustments are made, repeat paragraphs **7** through **18**. Do not perform power supply check if all other parameters are within tolerance.
  - **e**. Unless otherwise specified, all controls and control settings refer to the TI.

## 7. Equipment Setup

#### WARNING

HIGH VOLTAGE is used or exposed during the performance of this calibration. DEATH ON CONTACT may result if personnel fail to observe safety precautions. OUTPUT(S) to minimum after each step within the performance check where applicable.

#### NOTE

Before connecting TI, the protective earth terminal of the instrument must be connected to the protective conductor of the line power cord. The line plug shall only be inserted in a socket outlet provided with a protective earth contact. The protective action must not be negated by the use of an extension cord (power cable) without a protective conductor (grounding). Grounding one conductor of a two-conductor outlet is not sufficient protection.

#### NOTE

When indications specified in this procedure are not within tolerance, perform the power supply check prior to making adjustments.

#### NOTE

For the remainder of this procedure the SG-1219/U connected to the measuring receiver will be called the local oscillator.

- a. Connect TI to autotransformer.
- **b**. Connect autotransformer to a 115 V ac source and adjust autotransformer to 115 V ac.
- c. Set TI **POWER** switch to **ON** and allow at least 30 minutes for to stabilize.

## 8. Line Stability

#### a. Performance Check

- (1) Connect frequency counter **CHANNEL A** to TI **OUTPUT RF**.
- (2) Set up frequency counter to read frequency.
- (3) Press TI pushbuttons as listed in (a) through (c) below:
  - (a) **INSTR PRESET**.
  - (b) **ENTRY AMPTD**.
  - (c) **DATA 0 dBm**.
- (4) Record frequency counter indication.
- (5) For each row in table 3, vary autotransformer voltage. Frequency counter will indicate within limits specified in table 3 of the recorded value in (4) above.

Table 3. Line Stability

Autotransformer	Frequency counter
Voltage	indication at 100 MHz
indications	±(Hz)
125 Vac	5
120 Vac	5
110 Vac	5
105 Vac	5

#### 6 CHANGE 1

- (6) Adjust autotransformer to 115 V ac.
- **b. Adjustments**. No adjustments can be made.

## 9. Frequency Accuracy

## a. Performance Check

(1) For each row in table 4, press TI **ENTRY** - **FREQ** pushbutton and enter **DATA** frequency. Frequency counter will indicate within the limits specified.

Table 4. Frequency

Test instrument <b>DATA</b>	Frequency counter indications			
frequency	Min		Max	
100 kHz	99.999	kHz	100.001	kHz
500 kHz	499.995	kHz	500.005	kHz
1 MHz	999.990	kHz	1.000010	MHz
5 MHz	4.99995	MHz	5.000050	MHz
10 MHz	9.999900	MHz	10.000100	MHz
50 MHz	49.999500	MHz	50.000500	MHz
100 MHz	99.999000	MHz	100.001000	MHz
500 MHz	499.995000	MHz	500.005000	MHz

- (2) Press **RF OFF/ON** pushbutton to **OFF**.
- (3) Disconnect frequency counter from TI **OUTPUT RF**.
- (4) Connect measuring receiver with sensor module (11792A) to TI  ${f OUTPUT}$   ${f RF}.$

#### NOTE

If necessary, zero, calibrate, and save sensor values.

- (5) Set up measuring receiver to measure frequency at 10 Hz resolution (7.1 SPCL).
  - (6) Press **RF OFF/ON** pushbutton to **ON**.
- (7) Press **ENTRY FREQ** pushbutton and enter **DATA** frequency for each row in table 5. Using measuring receiver and frequency measurement techniques, frequency will indicate within limits specified.

### **NOTE**

In table 5, set up measuring receiver for frequency offset measurement when necessary.

Table 5. Frequency

	y				
	Test instrument <b>DATA</b>	Measuring receiver indications (MHz)			
	frequency	Min Max			
ſ	1300 MHz	1299.987000 1300.013000			
ſ	1900 MHz	1899.981000 1900.019000			

- (8) Press **RF OFF/ON** pushbutton to **OFF**.
- (9) Disconnect measuring receiver from TI **OUTPUT RF**.
- **b. Adjustments**. No adjustments can be made.

## 10. RF Output

## a. Performance Check

- (1) Set measuring receiver as listed in (a) through (f) below:
  - (a) Connect sensor module (11722A) to measuring receiver.
  - (b) Zero, calibrate, and save sensor values.
  - (c) Press **INSTR PRESET** pushbutton.
  - (d) Press **LOG/LIN** to **LOG** (dBm) pushbutton.
  - (e) Enter **32.0 SPCL** (0.01 dB resolution).
  - (f) Connect sensor module (11722A) to TI **OUTPUT RF** connector.
- (2) Connect TI **EXT REF INPUT** (rear panel) to measuring receiver local oscillator **10 MHz OUT** (rear panel).
  - (3) Press TI pushbuttons as listed in (a) through (c) below:
    - (a) **INSTR PRESET**.
    - (b) **ENTRY FREQ**.
    - (c) **DATA 30 MHz**.
- (4) Press TI **ENTRY AMPTD** pushbutton and enter **DATA** amplitude for each row in table 6. Using measuring receiver and RF power measurement techniques, measured power will indicate within limits specified.

Table 6. RF Output

	Measuring receiver	
Test instrument	indica	ations
DATA	(dBm)	
amplitude	Min	Max
15 dBm	13	17
10 dBm	8	12
5 dBm	3	7
0 dBm1	2	-2
-10 dBm	-8	-12
-20 dBm	-18	-22
-30 dBm	-28	-32
-40 dBm	-38	-42
-50 dBm	-48	-52
-60 dBm	-58	-62

Table 6. RF Output - Continued

Test instrument <b>DATA</b>	Measuring receiver indications (dBm)	
amplitude	Min	Max
-70 dBm	-68	-72
-80 dBm	-78	-82
-90 dBm	-88	-92
-100 dBm	-98	-102
-110 dBm	-108	-112

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Setup measuring receiver for tuned RF level cal techniques and wait for receiver to calibrate.

- (5) Press **RF OFF/ON** pushbutton to **OFF**.
- **b. Adjustments**. No adjustments can be made.

## 11. Output Level Flatness

#### a. Performance Check

- (1) Set measuring receiver with sensor module (11722A) to measure RF power in logarithmic mode, then select the  $0.01~\mathrm{dB}$  mode using special function 32.0.
  - (2) Press pushbuttons **ENTRY AMPTD** and **DATA (+10 dBm)**.
- (3) Measure and record the RF power using the measuring receiver, while using the **ENTRY FREQ** key and the **DATA** key pad to select frequencies between the start and stop frequencies listed in table 7.
- (4) Calculate the flatness using the formula below. The flatness will be less than or equal to the maximum limits listed in table 7.

## Flatness = (highest - lowest)/2

(5) Repeat technique of (3) and (4) above for remaining rows in table 7.

Table 7. Output Level Flatness.

Start frequency (Hz)	Stop frequency (Hz)	Calculated flatness (dB)	Maximum limit ±(dB)
100 k	450 M		1.5
550 M	950 M		2
1200 M	2000 M		2.5

- (6) Press **RF OFF/ON** pushbutton to **OFF**.
- **b. Adjustments**. No adjustments can be made.

#### 12. Attenuation

## a. Performance Check

- (1) Press TI pushbuttons as listed in (a) through (c) below:
  - (a) **INSTR PRESET**.
  - (b) **ENTRY AMPD**.
  - (c) DATA OdBm.
- (2) Set measuring receiver with sensor module (11722A) to measure tuned RF level in logarithmic mode, then select 0.01 dB mode using special function 32.0.
  - (3) Press measuring receiver **CALIBRATE**, and **SET REF** keys.
- (4) Press TI **ENTRY AMPTD** pushbutton and enter **DATA** amplitude for each row in table 8. Using measuring receiver and tuned RF level power measurement techniques measuring receiver will indicate within limits specified.

**NOTE**RECAL (CALIBRATE) as necessary.

Table 8. Attelluator at 100 MHz			
Test instrument	Measuring receiver indications		
DATA	(dBm)		
amplitude			
(dBm)	Min	Max	
-10	-8	-12	
-20	-18	-22	
-30	-28	-32	
-40	-38	-42	
-50	-48	-52	
-60	-58	-62	
-70	-68	-72	
-80	-78	-82	
-90	-88	-92	
-100	-98	-102	
-110	-108	-112	

Table 8. Attenuator at 100 MHz

- (5) Press **RF OFF/ON** pushbutton to **OFF.**
- (6) Disconnect measuring receiver from TI **OUTPUT RF.**
- **b. Adjustments**. No adjustments can be made.

## 13. Spectral Purity

## a. Performance Check

(1) Connect spectrum analyzer **INPUT 50**W to TI **OUTPUT RF**.

#### 10 CHANGE 1

- (2) Connect TI **EXT REF INPUT** (rear panel) to spectrum analyzer **10 MHz REF IN/OUT** (rear panel).
  - (3) Press **INSTR PRESET** pushbutton.
  - (4) Perform steps as listed in (a) through (c) below for each row in table 9 below:
    - (a) Press **ENTRY FREQ** pushbutton and enter **DATA** frequency listed.
    - (b) Press **ENTRY AMPTD** pushbutton and enter **DATA** amplitude listed.
- (c) Set spectrum analyzer to TI frequency, set power reference then tune to harmonic frequency listed. Power amplitude will be less than dBc specified limit.

#### NOTE

Some spurious signals may be generated by the spectrum analyzer. If a spurious signal is present, change TI frequency. If it disappears, it most likely is from the TI. If the spurious signal moves with the TI frequency it most likely is in the spectrum analyzer.

Table 9. Spectral Purity

Table 9. Spectral Luffty				
Test instrument		Spectrum analyzer		
DATA	DATA	Harmonic		
Amplitude	Frequency	frequency		
(dBm)	(MHz)	(MHz)	dBc	
5	.450	.900	<-25	
5	.450	1.35	<-25	
5	1	2	<-25	
5	1	3	<-25	
5	1.5	3	<-25	
5	166.666667	333.333333	<-25	
5	166.666667	500	<-25	
5	250	500	<-25	
5	333.333333	666.666666	<-25	
5	333.333333	1000	<-25	
5	500	1000	<-25	
5	2000	4000 <-45		
5	2000	1000	<-25	

- (5) Perform steps as listed in (a) through (c) below for each row in table 10 below:
  - (a) Press **ENTRY FREQ** pushbutton and enter **DATA** frequency listed.
  - (b) Press **ENTRY AMPTD** pushbutton and enter **DATA** amplitude listed.
- (c) Set spectrum analyzer to TI frequency, set power reference then tune to harmonic frequency listed. Power amplitude will be less than dBc specified limit.

Table 10. Spurious Signals

Test instrument		Spectrum analyzer	
DATA	DATA	Harmonic	
amplitude	frequency	frequency	
(dBm)	(MHz)	(MHz)	dBc
20	4.130000	85.870000	<-70
20	4.130000	3.700000	<-70
20	4.130000	0.430000	<-70
20	4.130000	4.560000	<-70
20	4.130000	5.870000	<-70
20	4.130000	45.000000	<-70
20	4.130 000	225.000 000	<-70
20	90.000 000	112.500 000	<-70
20	600.000 000	596.313 600	<-90
20	600.000 000	599.078 400	<-90
20	571.144000	572.796000	<-90
20	610.519000	612.171000	<-90
20	745.951000	747.608000	<-90
20	775.184.000	776.836000	<-90
20	780.184000	781.840000	<-90
20	797.878000	799.536000	<-90
20	965.416000	967.076000	<-90
20	1012.000000	788.000000	<-90
20	976.000000	742.500000	<-90
20	562.000000	606.500000	<-90
20	563.000000	540.500000	<-90
20	1057.500000	1012.500000	<-90
20	1057.500000	1057.375000	<-90

- (6) Press **RF OFF**/ **ON** pushbutton to **OFF.**
- **b. Adjustments**. No adjustments can be made.

## 14. Pulse Modulation

## a. Performance Check

- (1) Connect pulse generator, with plug-in module (9211)  ${f OUTPUT}$   ${f A}$  to TI  ${f PULSE}$   ${f IN}$  (rear panel).
- (2) Press pulse generator pushbuttons for a pulse output as listed in (a) through (h) below:
  - (a) **CHANNEL A**.
  - (b) **Period** and enter **10 m/kHz** from data keyboard.
  - (c) Width and enter 5 m/kHz from data keyboard.
  - (d) **Vhigh** and **5 ENTER/HZ** from data keyboard.

- (e) **Vlow** and **0 ENTER/HZ** from data keyboard.
- (f) **Delay** and enter **0 n/GHz** from data keyboard.
- (g) 2 Pulse and OFF ENTER/Hz from data keyboard.
- (h) On plug-in output module, 9211, **Disable** red (off) light.
- (3) Press TI pushbuttons as listed in (a) through (h) below:
  - (a) **INSTR PRESET**.
  - (b) **ENTRY FREQ**.
  - (c) **DATA** 1 **GHz**.
  - (d) ENTRY AMPTD.
  - (e) **DATA (+10 dBm)**.
  - (f) SHIFT.
  - (g) ENTRY PULSE.
  - (h) MODULATION SOURCE EXT DC.
- (4) Press spectrum analyzer pushbuttons as listed in (a) through (g) below:
  - (a) **INSTR PRESET**.
  - (b) **AMPLITUDE REF LVL**.
  - (c) **DATA** (+10 dBM).
  - (d) **FREQUENCY CENTER FREQ**.
  - (e) **DATA 1 GHz**.
  - (f) SPAN.
  - (g) **DATA 1.5 MHz**.
- (5) Press **ENTRY OFF/ON** pushbutton to pulse **ON**.
- (6) Press spectrum analyzer pushbuttons as listed in (a) through (q) below:
  - (a) **CONTROL BW**.
  - (b) **RES BW**.
  - (c) **DATA 100 kHz**.
  - (d) VIDEO BW.
  - (e) **DATA** 1 kHz.
  - (f) MARKER ON.
  - (g) SPAN.
  - (h) **DATA 0** Hz.
  - (i) **CONTROL SWEEP**.
  - (j) **DATA 30 ms**.
  - (k) **CONTROL TRIG**.
  - (l) **VIDEO**.
  - (m) **DATA** (-10 dBm).
  - (n) MARKER ON.
  - (o) Adjust **MARKER** control to top of squarewave.
  - (p) MARKER DELTA.
  - (q) Adjust **DELTA** control to bottom of squarewave.

(7) Using spectrum analyzer, measure top to bottom of square wave in dB. Pulse envelope on/off ratio will indicate within limits specified in table 11.

Table 11. Pulse Modulation On/Off Ratio

Spectrum analyzer		
> dB		
40		

- (8) Press **RF OFF/ON** to **OFF** pushbutton.
- (9) Disconnect TI **EXT REF INPUT** (rear panel) from spectrum analyzer.
- (10) Disconnect TI **OUTPUT RF** from spectrum analyzer.
- (11) Connect oscilloscope CH 1 to TI **OUTPUT RF**, using crystal detector.
- (12) Adjust pulse generator ouput for a period of 20 ms and a width of 6 ms.
- (13) Press **RF OFF/ON** to **ON** pushbutton.
- (14) Using oscilloscope measurement techniques, verify that the risetime of displayed envelope is within limits listed in table 12.

Table 12. Pulse Modulation Risetime

Oscilloscope indication
< u Sec
0.5

(15) Using oscilloscope measurement techniques, verify that the falltime of displayed envelope is within limits listed in table 13.

Table 13. Pulse Modulation Falltime

Oscilloscope
< u Sec
0.5

- (16) Press **RF OFF/ON** pushbutton to **OFF**.
- (17) Disconnect pulse generator and oscilloscope from circuit.
- **b. Adjustments**. No adjustments can be made.

## 15. Amplitude Modulation

#### a. Performance Check

- (1) Connect measuring receiver with sensor module (11722A) to TI  $\,$  **OUTPUT**  $\,$  **RF**.
  - (2) Connect **OUTPUT MOD** to **INPUT AM**.
- (3) Connect measuring receiver  ${f MODULATION}$   ${f OUTPUT/AUDIO}$   ${f INPUT}$  to audio analyzer  ${f INPUT}$   ${f HIGH}$ .

- (4) Press TI pushbuttons as listed in (a) through (m) below.
  - (a) **INSTR PRESET**.
  - (b) **ENTRY FREQ**.
  - (c) **DATA** 1 **GHz**.
  - (d) **ENTRY AMPTD**.
  - (e) **DATA (+13 dBm)**.
  - (f) **ENTRY AM**.
  - (g) **DATA** 30%.
  - (h) MODULATION SOURCE EXT DC.
  - (i) ENTRY MOD FREQ.
  - (j) **DATA** 1 kHz.
  - (k) SHIFT.
  - (l) ENTRY MOD OUT.
  - (m) **DATA** (+1V).
- (5) Set measuring receiver to measure FM with a 300 Hz high pass filter and a 3  $\,$  kHz low pass filter.
  - (6) Measuring receiver will indicate within limits specified in table 14.

Table 14. Incidental FM

			Measuring
Carrier	Modulation	Modulation	receiver
frequency	rate	%	<hz< td=""></hz<>
1 GHz	1 KHz	30	200

- (7) Set measuring receiver to measure AM with a low pass filter of 15 kHz.
- (8) Set audio analyzer to measure distortion.
- (9) Press TI **ENTRY AM** pushbutton and enter **DATA** percent of modulation for each row in table 15. Using measuring receiver, measure the AM percent of modulation indication will be within limits specified.

Table 15. AM accuracy at 1 kHz Modulation

Test instrument <b>DATA</b> percent of	Measuring receiver modulation indications (%)		
modulation	Min	Man	
	Min	Max	
30%	27.5	32.5	
60%	56	64	
90%	84.5	95.5	

(10) Press TI **ENTRY** – **AM** pushbutton and enter **DATA** percent of modulation for each row in table 16. Using audio analyzer, measure the AM distortion; indication will be within limits specified.

Table 16. AM Distortion at 1 kHz Modulation

Tubic 10: Third Dibtorti	on at 1 mile modulation	
Test instrument Audio analyzer		
<b>DATA</b> percent of	distortion indications	
modulation levels	(<%)	
30%	1.5	
60%	3	
90%	5	

- (11 Press **RF OFF/ON** pushbutton.
- **b. Adjustments**. No adjustments can be made.

## 16. Frequency Modulation

- a. Performance Check
- (1) Disconnect  ${\bf OUTPUT\ MOD}$  from  ${\bf INPUT\ AM}$  and connect to  ${\bf INPUT\ FM/F\ M}.$ 
  - (2) Press TI pushbuttons as listed in (a) through (m) below.
    - (a) **INSTR PRESET**.
    - (b) **ENTRY FREQ**.
    - (c) **DATA 1 GHz**.
    - (d) **ENTRY AMPTD**.
    - (e) **DATA (+13 dBm)**.
    - (f) **ENTRY FM**.
    - (g) **DATA 20 kHz.**
    - (h) MODULATION SOURCE EXT DC.
    - (i) **MOD FREQ**.
    - (i) **DATA 1 kHz**.
    - (k) SHIFT.
    - (l) ENTRY MOD OUT.
    - (m) **DATA** (+1V).
- (3) Set measuring receiver to measure AM with a 300 Hz high pass filter and a 3 kHz low pass filter.
  - (4) Measuring receiver will indicate within limits specified in table 17.

Table 17. Incidental AM

			Measuring
		Peak	receiver
Carrier	Modulation	deviation	indication
frequency	rate	kHz	< %
1 GHz	1 kHz	20	0.3

- (5) Set measuring receiver to measure FM with all filters off.
- (6) Set audio analyzer to measure distortion.
- (7) Press TI pushbuttons as listed in (a) through (f) below:
  - (a) **ENTRY FREQ**.
  - (b) **DATA 250 MHz**.
  - (c) **ENTRY AMPTD**.
  - (d) **DATA (+10 dBm)**.
  - (e) ENTRY FM.
  - (f) **DATA 300 kHz**.
- (8) Press **ENTRY MOD FREQ** pushbutton and enter **DATA** modulated frequency for each row listed in table 18. Distortion measurement on audio analyzer will indicate within limits specified.

Table 18. Audio FM Distortion

Table 101 Hadio 1 Hi Bibertion		
Test instrument	Audio analyzer distortion	
DATA	indications	
modulated frequency	≤ (%)	
20 Hz	2	
400 Hz	2	
1kHz	2	
100 kHz	2	

- (9) Perform steps (a) throught (d) below for each row in table 19:
- (a) Press TI **ENTRY FREQ** pushbutton and enter **DATA** carrier frequency as listed.
- (b) Press TI **ENTRY MOD FREQ** pushbutton and enter **DATA** modulation frequency as listed.
- (c) Press TI **ENTRY FM** pushbutton and enter **DATA** frequency modulation as listed.
- (d) Using measuring receiver, measure FM deviation. Measuring receiver deviation will indicate within limits specified in table 19.

Table 19. FM Deviation

		Modulation analyzer indications		
Test instrument		(kHz deviations)		
	DATA			
<b>DATA</b> carrier	modulation	DATA frequency		
frequency	frequency	modulation (FM)		
(MHz)	(kHz)	(kHz)	Min	Max
1050	100	100	95	105
256	100	25	23.7	26.3
256	100	187	177.6	196.4
256	100	375	356.2	393.8
50	10	150	142.5	157.5

**b. Adjustments**. No adjustments can be made.

## 17. Phase Modulation

## a. Performance Check

- (1) Set measuring receiver to measure FM with a 300 Hz high pass filter and a 15 kHz low pass filter.
  - (2) Set audio analyzer to measure distortion.
  - (3) Press TI pushbuttons as listed in (a) through (k) below:
    - (a) **INSTR PRESET**.
    - (b) **ENTRY AMPTD**.
    - (c) **DATA (+10 dBm)**.
    - (d) SHIFT.
    - (e) **ENTRY** F **M**.
    - (f) **MODULATION SOURCE EXT DC**.
    - (g) ENTRY MOD FREQ.
    - (h) **DATA** 1 kHz.
    - (i) SHIFT.
    - (j) ENTRY- MOD OUT.
    - (k) **DATA (+1 V)**.
  - (4) Perform steps (a) through (c) below for each row in table 20:
    - (a) Press **ENTRY FREQ** and enter **DATA** carrier frequency.
    - (b) Press **SHIFT** F **M** and enter **DATA** rad.
  - (c) Set the measuring receiver to measure the PM. Phase modulation will indicate within limits specified.

Table 20. PM accuracy

Test instrument	Test instrument	Measuring reco	eiver phase
<b>DATA</b> carrier	<b>DATA</b> phase	modulation indications (rad)	
frequency	modulation	Min	Max
8 MHz	75 rad	71.2	78.8
1050 MHz	100 rad	94.9	105.1
500 kHz	100 rad	94.9	105.1

- (5) Perform steps (a) through (c) below for each row in table 21:
  - (a) Press **ENTRY FREQ** and enter **DATA** carrier frequency.
  - (b) Press **SHIFT** F **M** and enter **DATA** rad.
- (c) Using audio analyzer, measure the audio distortion. Distortion will indicate within limits specified.

Table 21. Audio Distortion at 1 kHz Modulation Frequency

Test instrument <b>DATA</b>	Test instrument <b>DATA</b>	Audio analyzer distortion indications
carrier frequency	phase modulation	(< %)
8 MHz	75 rad	0.4
1050MHz	100 rad	0.4
500 kHz	100 rad	0.4

- (6) Press **RF OFF/ON** pushbutton to **OFF**.
- (7) Disconnect measuring receiver from TI **OUTPUT RF.**
- **b. Adjustments**. No adjustments can be made.

## 18. Internal Oscillator

## a. Performance Check

- (1) Connect TI **OUTPUT MOD** to audio analyzer **INPUT HIGH**.
- (2) Press TI pushbuttons as listed in (a) through (d) below:
  - (a) **INSTR PRESET**.
  - (b) **SHIFT**.
  - (c) ENTRY MOD OUT.
  - (d) **DATA (+1 V)**.
- (3) Press TI **ENTRY MOD FREQ** pushbutton and enter **DATA** modulated frequency for each row in table 22. Set audio analyzer to measure distortion. Audio analyzer will indicate within limits listed in table 22.

Table 22	Internal	Oscillator	Distortion
I able &&.	mittinai	Oscillator	ווטוט וטוטוע

Test instrument <b>DATA</b>	Audio analyzer distortion indications	
modulated frequency	<(%)	
20 Hz	0.02	
100 Hz	0.02	
1 kHz	0.02	
10 kHz	0.02	
15 kHz	0.02	
30 kHz	0.15	
100 kHz	0.15	

(4) Press TI **ENTRY - MOD FREQ** pushbutton and enter **DATA** modulated frequency for each row in table 23. Set audio analyzer to measure frequency. Audio analyzer will indicate within limits listed in table 23.

Table 23. Internal Oscillator Frequency

Test instrument <b>DATA</b> modulated	Audio analyzer indications (Hz)	
frequency settings	Min	Max
20 Hz	19.6	20.4
100 Hz	98	102
1 kHz	980	1020
10 kHz	9800	10200
50 kHz	49000	51000
100 kHz	98000	102000

- (5) Disconnect audio analyzer from TI **OUTPUT MOD.**
- **b. Adjustments**. No adjustments can be made.

## 19. Power Supply

## a. Performance Check

#### NOTE

Do not perform power supply check if all other parameters are within tolerance.

- (1) Deenergize TI and remove top cover.
- (2) Set **POWER** switch **ON** and allow sufficient time to warm-up.
- (3) Connect multimeter **HI INPUT** positive lead to test points listed in table 24 and connect **LO INPUT** negative lead to chassis ground.
- (4) If multimeter does not indicate within specifications listed in table 24, perform  ${f b}$  below:

- (5) Remove test leads and deenergize TI.
- (6) Replace TI cover.

## b. Adjustments

## **NOTE**

Turn adjustment screw next to test points listed in table 24.

Table 24. Power Supply

Table 21. Tower supply			
		Adjust to read V dc	
Test point		(R)	
(HI INPUT)	Adjustments	Min	Max
A17TP1	A17R18	+14.85	+15.15
A17TP2	A17R36	-14.85	-15.15
A17TP3	A17R53	+5.148	+5.252
A17TP4	A17R66	-5.148	-5.252
A17TP5	A17R76	+49.50	+50.50

## **20. Final Procedure**

- **a**. Deenergize and disconnect all equipment.
- **b**. Annotate and affix DA label/form in accordance with TB 750-25.

By Order of the Secretary of the Army:

Official:

**JOHN M. KEANE** *General, United States Army* 

Acting Chief of Staff

Joel B Hul

Administrative Assistant to the Secretary of the Army

0124803

## Distribution:

To be distributed in accordance with IDN requirements for calibration procedure TB 9-6625-2182-35.

## **THESE ARE THE INSTRUCTIONS FOR SENDING AN ELECTRONIC 2028**

The following format must be used if submitting an electronic 2028. The subject line must be exactly the same and all fields must be included; however, only the following fields are mandatory: 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 13, 15, 16, 17, and 27.

From: "Whomever" whomever@avma27.army.mil

To: 2028@redstone.army.mil
Subject: DA Form 2028

1. **From**: Joe Smith

2. Unit: Home

Address: 4300 Park
 City: Hometown

5. **St**: MO6. **Zip**: 77777

7. **Date Sent**: 19-Oct-93

8. **Pub No**: TB 9-6625-xxxx-35

9. **Pub Title**: Calibration Procedure for ...

10. **Publication Date**:11. Change Number:

12. Submitted Rank: MSG

13. **Sumitter Fname**: Joe

14. Submitter Mname: T

15. **Submitter Lname**: Smith

16. **Submitter Phone**: (123) 123-1234

17. **Problem**: 1

18. Page: 2

19. Paragraph: 3

20 Line: 4

21. NSN: 5

22. Reference: 6

23. Figure: 7

24. Table: 8

25. Item: 9

26. Total: 123

27: **Text**:

This is the text for the problem below line 27.

PIN: 063109-000